

Uniguard PU 30

Section 1. Identification

Product name: Uniguard PU 30
Product description: Polyurethane Sealant
Product type: Sealant
Other means of identification: Not available

Supplier's details: Universal Paint Technologies
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.

Response:

P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage:

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

None known.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture
Other means of identification: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.
EC number: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| Xylene | <3% | 1330-20-7 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery



position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

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|----------------------|--|
| Eye contact: | Irritation of the eye tissue |
| Inhalation: | ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Narcosis. |
| Skin contact: | Tingling/irritation of the skin |
| Ingestion: | AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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| Eye contact: | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation: | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact: | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion: | No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Notes to physician: | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments: | No specific treatment |
| Protection of first-aiders: | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Products of Combustion: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides



Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

Environmental precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Avoid contact with skin or inhalation of spillage, dust vapour. Wear necessary protective equipment. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not



breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection:**

Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection**Hand protection:**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC.

Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

Self-contained respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance**Physical state:**

Viscous

Colour:

Grey

Odour:

characteristic

Odour threshold:

Not applicable.

pH:

Not applicable.

Flash Point:

>65 C°.

Boiling point:

Not available.



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| Flammability (solid, gas): | Not applicable. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: | Not applicable. |
| Viscosity : | 20000-30000 cp. |
| Vapour density: | Not available. |
| Density: | 1.45-1.6 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility: | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature: | Not available. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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| Reactivity: | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability: | The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions: | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid: | Moisture, heat, open flames, and other sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials: | No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products: | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Irritation/Corrosion:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Sensitisation:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Mutagenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Carcinogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Reproductive toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Teratogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.



Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Aspiration hazard:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue

Inhalation:

ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Narcosis.

Skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin

Ingestion:

AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Skin contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion:

No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects:

Not available.

Potential delayed effects:

Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects:

Not available.

Potential delayed effects:

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General:

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates:

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity:

Not available..

Persistence and degradability:

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Not available..

Mobility in soil:

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}): Not available.

Other adverse effects: None known.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).



Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product No available data.

International regulation

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

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| Date of printing: | 4.10.2023 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision: | 4.10.2023 |
| Date of previous issue: | NA |
| Version: | 01 |