

## Uniguard Epoxy Adhesive Comp A

### Section 1. Identification

**Product name:** Uniguard Epoxy Adhesive Comp A  
**Product description:** Putty  
**Product type** Paste  
**Other means of identification:** Not available

**Supplier's details:** Universal Paint Technologies  
Wadi Al-eish Zarqa, Jordan.  
Tel: 00962 6 4884454  
Fax: 00962 6 4884458

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture:** FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE  
(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED  
EXPOSURE (hearing organs) - Category 2

#### GHS label elements

##### **Hazard pictograms:**



##### **Signal word:**

Danger.

##### **Hazard statements:**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H303 + H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

#### Precautionary statements

##### **Prevention:**

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.



# Safety Data Sheet

## Response:

P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.  
P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
P302 + P352 + P312 + P362 + P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

## Storage:

P405 - Store locked up.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P235 - Keep cool.

## Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification:

None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture:

Mixture

### Other means of identification:

Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

#### CAS number:

Not applicable.

#### EC number:

Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Resin	> 25.0 %	25036-25-3
Solvent	< 15.0 %	1330-20-7
Calcium Carbonate	> 30.0 %	471-34-1
Silica Sand	< 20.0 %	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### **Eye contact:**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### **Inhalation:**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Skin contact:**

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### **Ingestion:**

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

#### **Eye contact:**

Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Inhalation:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Skin contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.



## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

### **Eye contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

### **Inhalation:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

### **Skin contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

### **Ingestion:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

### **Notes to physician:**

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### **Specific treatments:**

No specific treatment

### **Protection of first-aiders:**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **Section 5. Firefighting measures**

### Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable extinguishing media:**

Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

Do not use water jet.

#### **Products of Combustion:**

Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

#### **Special protective actions for fire-fighters:**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

#### **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **For non-emergency personnel:**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### **For emergency responders:**

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill:**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### **Large spill:**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Avoid contact with skin or inhalation of spillage, dust vapour. Wear necessary protective equipment. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures:**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



**Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

**Appropriate engineering controls:**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls:**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures:**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection:**

Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.



## Skin protection

### **Hand protection:**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PE, butyl rubber May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton®, Barricade, CPF 3, Responder, neoprene, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

### **Body protection:**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### **Other skin protection:**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection:**

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

## **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### Appearance

#### **Physical state:**

Paste

#### **Colour:**

Green.

#### **Odour:**

Characteristic.

#### **Odour threshold:**

Not applicable.

#### **pH:**

Not applicable.

#### **Melting point:**

Not applicable.





Boiling point:	Not available.
Flash point:	Not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure:	Not available.
Vapour density:	Not available.
Density:	2.00 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Irritation/Corrosion:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Sensitisation:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Mutagenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Carcinogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.





## Reproductive toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Teratogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Aspiration hazard:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Information on likely routes of exposure:

Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

### **Eye contact:**

Causes serious eye irritation

### **Inhalation:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Skin contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### **Eye contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

### **Inhalation:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

### **Skin contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

### **Ingestion:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Short term exposure

#### **Potential immediate effects:**

Not available.

#### **Potential delayed effects:**

Not available.

### Long term exposure

#### **Potential immediate effects:**

Not available.

#### **Potential delayed effects:**

Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.



<b>General:</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates:

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity:

Not available..

### Persistence and degradability:

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential:

Not available..

### Mobility in soil:

**Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ):** Not available.




**Other adverse effects:** None known.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods:**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** No available data.

### International regulation

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

Date of printing: 25.02.2023

Date of issue/Date of revision: 24.0.2023

Date of previous issue: NA

Version: 01

## Uniguard Epoxy Adhesive Comp B

### Section 1. Identification

**Product name:** Uniguard Epoxy Adhesive Comp B  
**Product description:** Putty  
**Product type** Paste  
**Other means of identification:** Not available

**Supplier's details:** Universal Paint Technologies  
Wadi Al-eish Zarqa, Jordan.  
Tel: 00962 6 4884454  
Fax: 00962 6 4884458

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture:** FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE  
(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED  
EXPOSURE (hearing organs) - Category 2

#### GHS label elements

##### **Hazard pictograms:**





# Safety Data Sheet

## Response:

P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.  
P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
P302 + P352 + P312 + P362 + P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

## Storage:

P405 - Store locked up.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P235 - Keep cool.

## Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification:

None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture:

Mixture

### Other means of identification:

Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

#### CAS number:

Not applicable.

#### EC number:

Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Resin	> 25.0 %	25036-25-3
Calcium Carbonate	> 30.0 %	471-34-1
Silica Sand	≤ 20.0 %	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact:**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation:**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact:**

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion:**

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact:**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.



## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

### **Eye contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

### **Inhalation:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

### **Skin contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

### **Ingestion:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

### **Notes to physician:**

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### **Specific treatments:**

No specific treatment

### **Protection of first-aiders:**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **Section 5. Firefighting measures**

### Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable extinguishing media:**

Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

Do not use water jet.

#### **Products of Combustion:**

Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

#### **Special protective actions for fire-fighters:**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

#### **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **For non-emergency personnel:**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### **For emergency responders:**

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill:**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### **Large spill:**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Avoid contact with skin or inhalation of spillage, dust vapour. Wear necessary protective equipment. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures:**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



**Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

None.

**Appropriate engineering controls:**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls:**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures:**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection:**

Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.



## Skin protection

### Hand protection:

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PE, butyl rubber May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton®, Barricade, CPF 3, Responder, neoprene, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

### Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection:

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

#### Physical state:

Paste

#### Colour:

Brown

#### Odour:

Characteristic.

#### Odour threshold:

Not applicable.

#### pH:

Not applicable.

#### Melting point:

Not applicable.



Boiling point:	Not available.
Flash point:	Not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure:	Not available.
Vapour density:	Not available.
Density:	2.00 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Irritation/Corrosion:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Sensitisation:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Mutagenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

#### Carcinogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.



## Reproductive toxicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Teratogenicity:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Aspiration hazard:

For this endpoint no toxicological test data is available for the whole product.

## Information on likely routes of exposure:

Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

### **Eye contact:**

Causes serious eye irritation

### **Inhalation:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Skin contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### **Eye contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

### **Inhalation:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

### **Skin contact:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

### **Ingestion:**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Short term exposure

#### **Potential immediate effects:**

Not available.

#### **Potential delayed effects:**

Not available.

### Long term exposure

#### **Potential immediate effects:**

Not available.

#### **Potential delayed effects:**

Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.



<b>General:</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects:</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates:

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity:

Not available..

### Persistence and degradability:

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential:

Not available..

### Mobility in soil:

**Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ):** Not available.




**Other adverse effects:** None known.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods:**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** No available data.

### International regulation

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

Date of printing: 25.02.2023

Date of issue/Date of revision: 24.0.2023

Date of previous issue: NA

Version: 01